Children's Services Locality Profile

Wandsworth LA

June 2023

Published data only

This profile is a reduced version of the full locality profile based on data in the public domain only

Introduction & Notes

This Locality Profile draws together a wide range of information from over 40 sources into a simple-to-use, graphical format. To put the data in context, analysis is provided at national, local authority, locality, ward and school level. The Profile provides a robust evidence base for:

- Planning and commissioning services
- Demonstrating impact and effectiveness
- Identifying strengths and weaknesses in performance

The Profile should be useful for decision makers, policy advisers and analysts in schools, children's centres, the local authority and its partners.

Contents

- A Local Context Population, socioeconomic and deprivation statistics to explain the context of your local area
- B Early Years & School Characteristics Information on early years take-up and school pupil characteristics in your area, including SEN, FSM and ethnicity
- C Health Statistics including obesity, A&E attendance and more to highlight key health issues in your area
- D Safety Information about children in need, child well-being and crime in your area
- E School Outcomes Attainment, attendance and exclusions in primary and secondary schools in your area

Notes

1. Sources of data and years are shown under each report.

2. Unless otherwise stated, where data can be linked to a school (e.g. exam results), figures are based on the location of the school and not the pupil's place of residence.

3. Cluster figures are usually the average or total of the schools within the cluster. However, where data is based on local population (e.g. birth rates) cluster figures are the average/aggregate of the wards in that cluster.

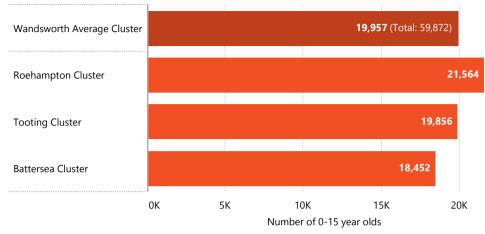
4. Cluster and Wandsworth totals are usually presented as the average ward/school for the cluster or LA, rather than the total for the cluster or LA, in order to allow easy comparisons.

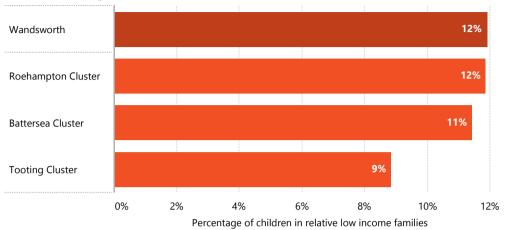
5. The new May 2022 ward boundaries have been used **where the data is available** (determined by the release date and granularity of the data set). Where unavailable, pre-2022 ward boundaries still apply. Note that changes to ward boundaries also impact clusters.

Latest updates

- New 2021 Census indicators
- Children in low income families
- Claimants
- House prices
- School characteristics
- Demand for school places
- Crime: offence types
- Revised School Census



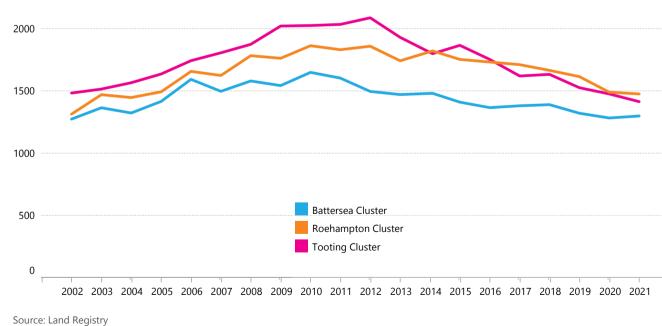




A2 - Percentage of children in relative low income families (2022)

Source: ONS



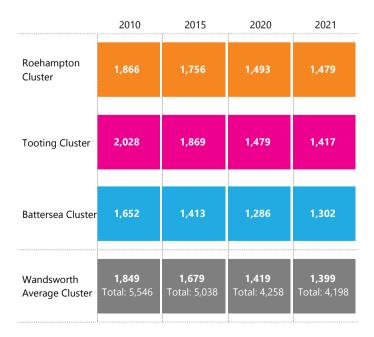


Highlighted birth rate data

Source: DWP, Children in low income families. Note: Percentages are calculated by dividing the number of

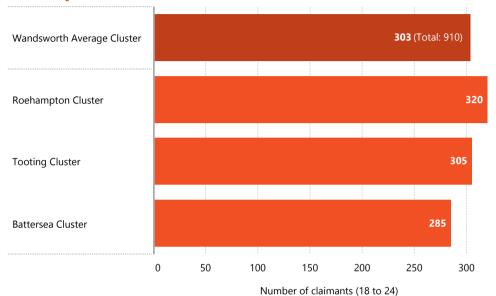
Local Authority or Ward. Populations have been taken from 2020 mid-year population estimates.

children aged 0-15 living in low income families in a Local Authority or Ward by the population aged 0-15 in that



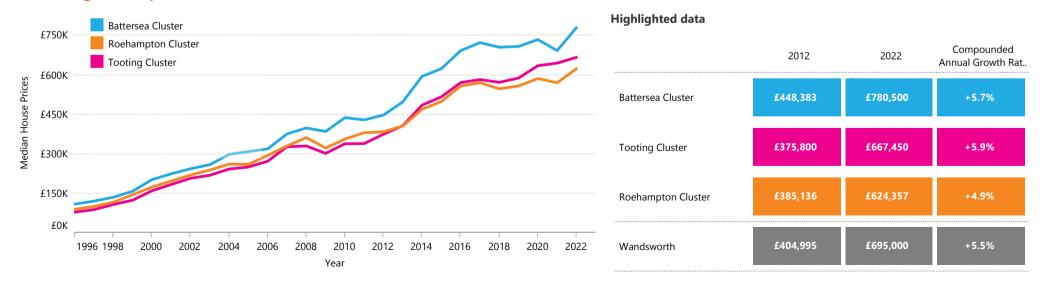
Note: Cluster & LA figures represent average number of live births in each ward within the Cluster/LA

A8 - Number of 18 to 24 year olds claiming JSA or Universal Credit (February 2023)

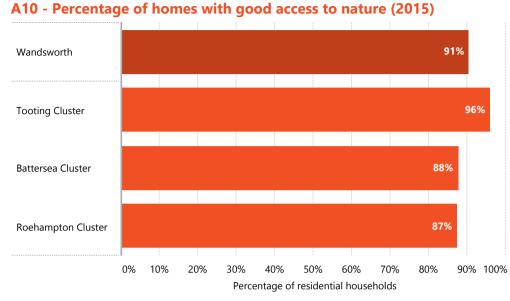


Source: ONS claimant count by sex and age. Number of claimants at February 2023.

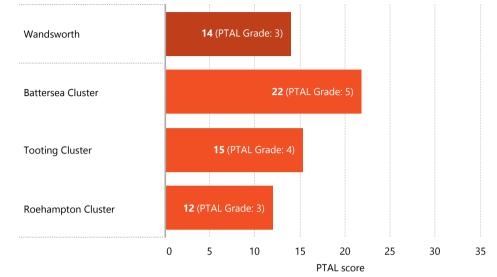
A9 - Average house prices (1996-2022)



Source: ONS reporting on Land Registry House Prices 1996-2022. Note: prices based on the price paid of all sales in the year ending September. Data shows median house price.

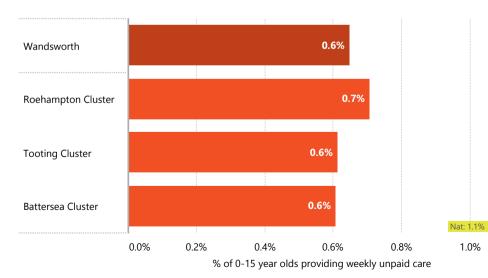


A11 - Public transport accessibility level (PTAL) (2015)



Source: Greenspace Information for Greater London.

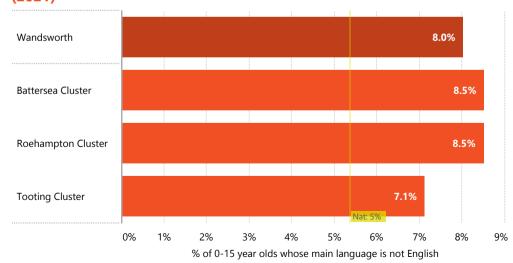
A12 - Percentage of 0-15 year olds providing weekly unpaid care (2021)



Source: TFL, Public Transport Accessibility Levels (PTALs)

Note: Wards receive a grade from 1a to 6b, with 6b representing excellent access to public transport.

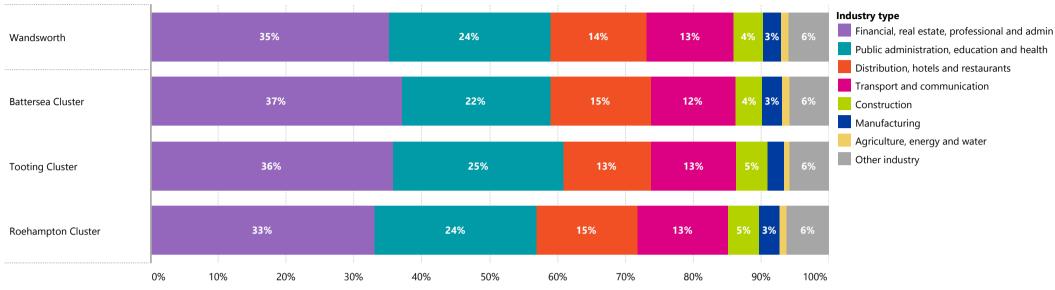
A13 - Percentage of 0-15 year olds whose main language is not English (2021)



Source: 2021 Census. Includes census respondents who selected any amount of hours providing unpaid care per week.

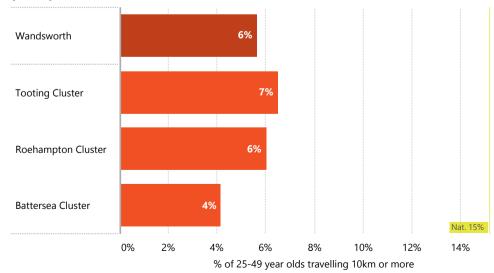
Source: 2021 Census.

A14 - Current industry of work of 25-49 year olds (2021)

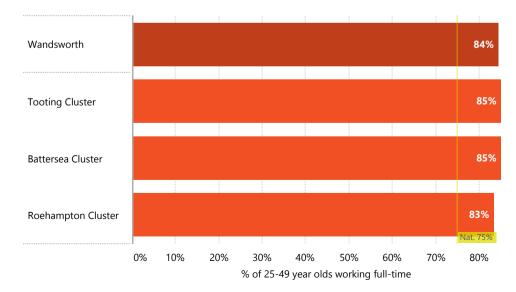


Source: 2021 Census.

A15 - Percentage of 25-49 year olds travelling 10km or more to work (2021)

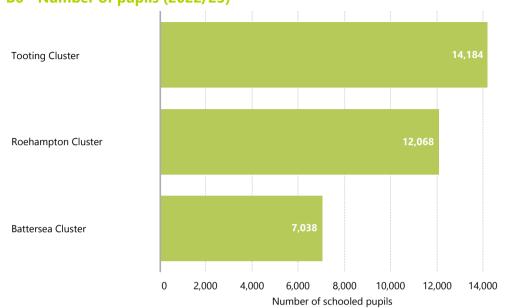


A16 - Percentage of 25-49 year olds working full-time (2021)



Source: 2021 Census. Does not include census respondents who selected 'Works mainly from home'.

Source: 2021 Census. Full-time defined as 31 or more hours per week.



B6 - Number of pupils (2022/23)

B8 - Pupils with SEND by primary need (2022/23)



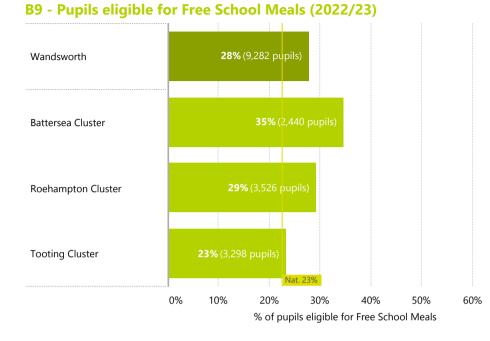
Wandsworth 2.212 **Roehampton Cluster** 920 939 **Tooting Cluster** SEN Support Battersea Cluster EHCP Nat. total SEN 17% 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% % of pupils with SEN by stage

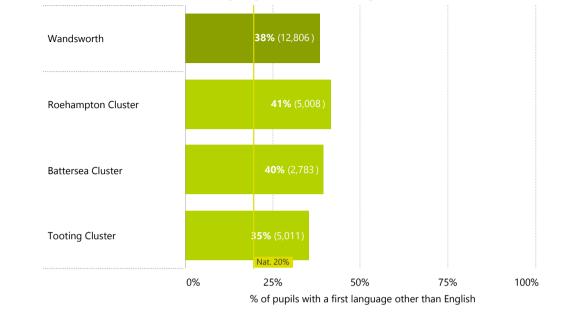
B7 - Pupils with SEND by stage (2022/23)



B6 - Source: School Census January 2023 Note: Includes Post-16 pupils. B7 - Source: School Census January 2023. Note: Axis shows % of all pupils, labels show pupil numbers. Includes Post-16 pupils.

B8 - Source: School census January 2023. Note: Axis shows % of all pupils, labels show pupil numbers. Includes Post-16 pupils.





B10 - Pupils with a first language other than English (2022/23)

B11 - Pupil ethnicity (2022/23)

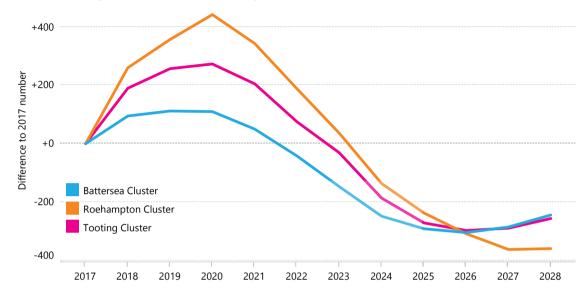


White Asian or Asian British Black or Black British Mixed Other Unknown/Refused

B7 and B8 - Source: School Census January 2023. Note: Axis shows % of all pupils, labels show actual pupil numbers. Includes Post -16 pupils. National benchmarks are from the DfE SFR.

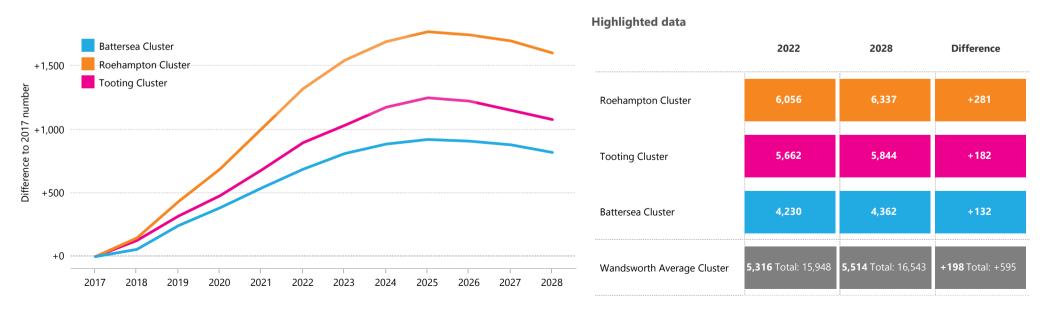
B9 - Source: School Census January 2023. Notes: Graph has been sorted by % of pupils whose ethnicity is white. Axis shows % of all pupils, labels show actual pupil numbers. Does not include nursery schools. Includes Post-16 pupils.

B12 - Primary GLA school place projections



	2022	2028	Difference
Battersea Cluster	7,623	7,421	-202
Tooting Cluster	9,288	8,957	-331
Roehampton Cluster	10,027	9,480	-547
Wandsworth Average Cluster	8,979 Total: 26,938	8,619 Total: 25,858	- 360 Total: -1,080

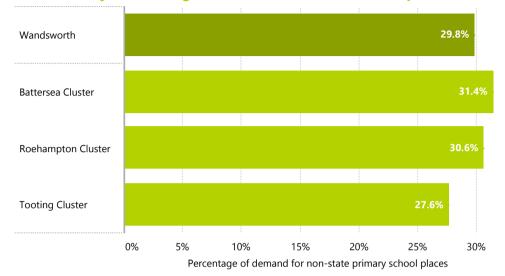
B13 - Secondary GLA school place projections



Source: GLA, Projected Demand for School Places

Note: Based on residents, therefore not comparable with school population section. Data is based on a model so should be taken as indicative. Data sole copyright of the Greater London Authority, 2018.

Highlighted data



Wandsworth 31.5% Battersea Cluster 32.5% Tooting Cluster 31.3% Roehampton Cluster 30.9% 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% Percentage of demand for non-state secondary school places

B15 - Secondary - Percentage demand for non-state school places (2023)

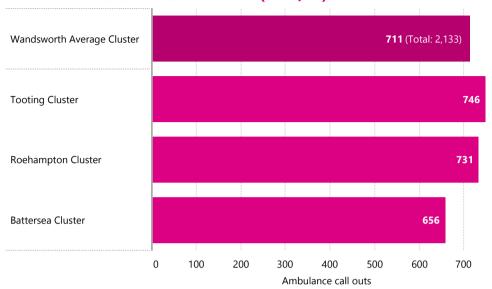
Source: GLA, Projected Demand for School Places

Note: Based on residents, therefore not comparable with School Census section. Data is based on a model so should be taken as indicative. Data sole copyright of the Greater London Authority, 2018.

Source: GLA, Projected Demand for School Places

Note: Based on residents, therefore not comparable with School Census section. Data is based on a model so should be taken as indicative. Data sole copyright of the Greater London Authority, 2018.

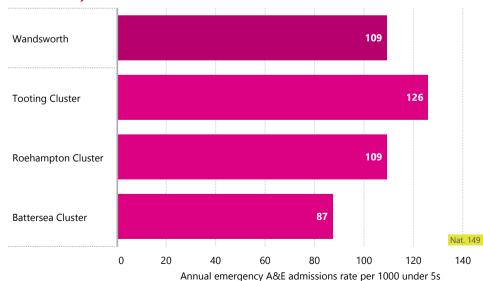
C. Health

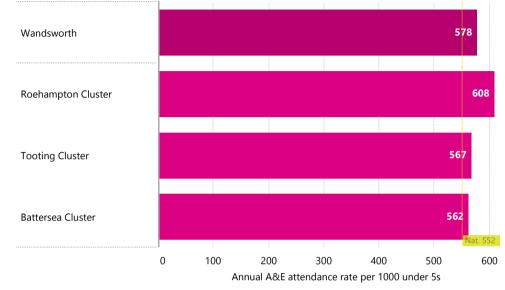


C1 - Ambulance call-outs for alcohol (2016/17)

Source: London Ambulance Service. Based on financial year.

C3 - Under 5s A&E emergency admissions (per 1000 under 5s, 2014-2016)

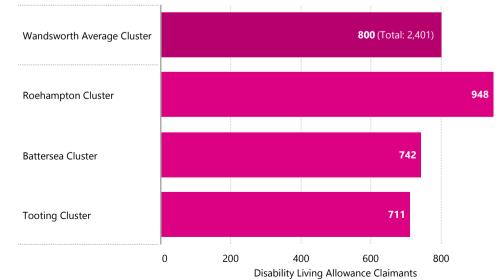




C2 - A&E attendances in under 5s (per 1000 under 5s, 2014-2016)

Source: Local Health. Based on three financial year rolling average.

C4 - People claiming Disability Living Allowance - 0 to 15 year olds (May 2023)

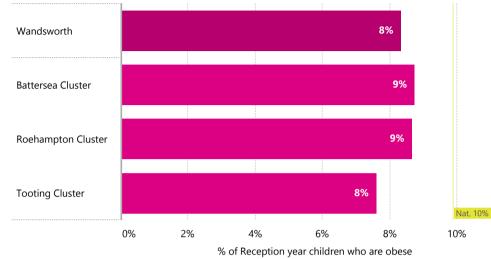


Source: Local Health. Based on three financial year rolling average.

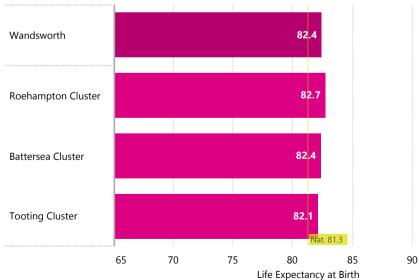
Source: StatXplore - DLA: Cases in Payment. Data is from May 2023.

C. Health

C5 - Percentage of Reception aged children who are obese (2020-2022)



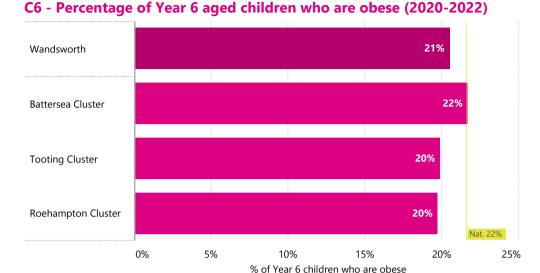
Source: NHS National Child Measurement Programme. Three academic year rolling average. Due to COVID-19, measurements were paused in March 2020 meaning the cohort sampled in 2019/20 is smaller than in prior years and therefore 2019/20 is underrepresented.



C7 - Life Expectancy at Birth (2019)

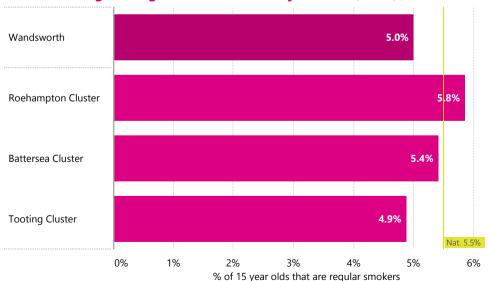
Source: Figures reflect 5-year pooled data calculated using an upper age band of 90+. This is consistent with sub-national life expectancy figures published by ONS, and included in the Public Health Outcomes Framework. Value shown is an average of male and female life expectancy. Cluster ward average is unweighted.

95



Source: NHS National Child Measurement Programme. Three year rolling average. Due to COVID-19, measurements were paused in March 2020 meaning the cohort sampled in 2019/20 is smaller than in prior years and therefore 2019/20 is underrepresented.

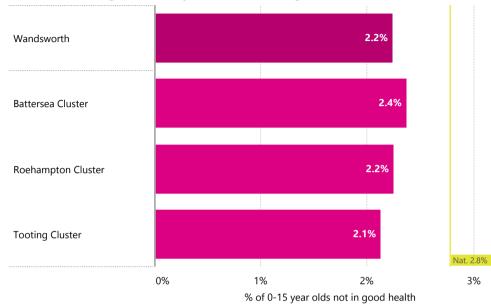
C8 - Percentage of regular smokers at 15 years old (2014)



Source: NHS Note: The numerator is the modelled estimates of 15 year olds who answered yes to smoking more than one cigarette a week. The denominator is the population of 15 year olds used to derive prevalence estimates, aggregated for higher geographies. 2018 wards are used but the survey is from 2014.

C. Health

C10 - Percentage of 0-15 year olds not in good health (2021)

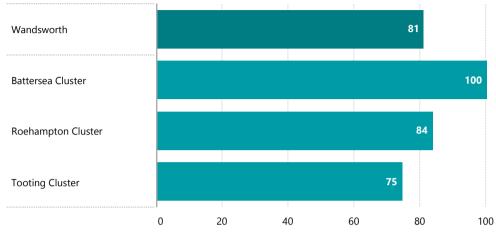


Source: 2021 Census. 'Not in good health' defined as in fair, bad or very bad health.

D. Safety

D. Safety

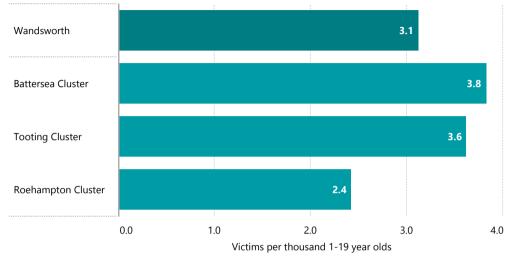
D5 - Crime: Youth victims of total notifiable offences per thousand 18-24 residents (2017/18)



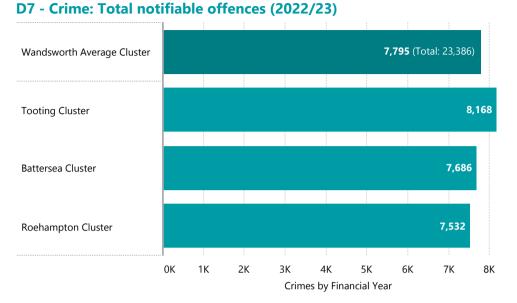
Victims per thousand 18-24 year olds

Source: London Landscape data sourced from the Met Police by request. Includes all crimes where the victim was aged between 10 and 24.

D6 - Crime: Serious youth violence victims per thousand 1-19 year old residents (2017/18)

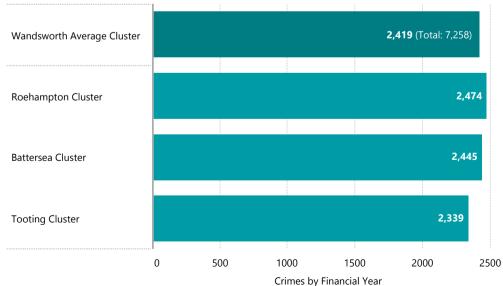


Source: London Landscape data sourced from the Met Police by request. Includes any offence of Most Serious Violence or Gun Crime or Knife Crime, where the victim was aged between 1 and 19.

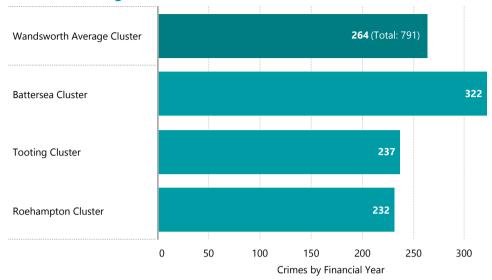


Source: Met Police Data by financial year. Aggregated from individual crimes assigned to an LSOA. Excludes anti-social behaviour.

D9 - Crime: Violent & Sexual offences (2022/23)

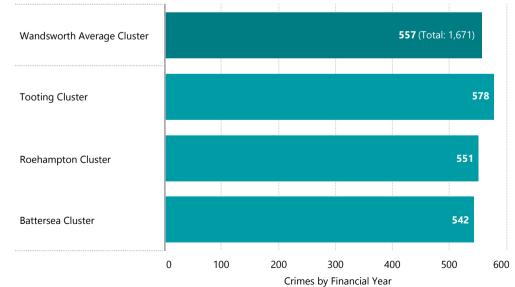


D8 - Crime: Drug related offences (2022/23)



Source: Met Police Data by financial year. Aggregated from individual crimes assigned to an LSOA.

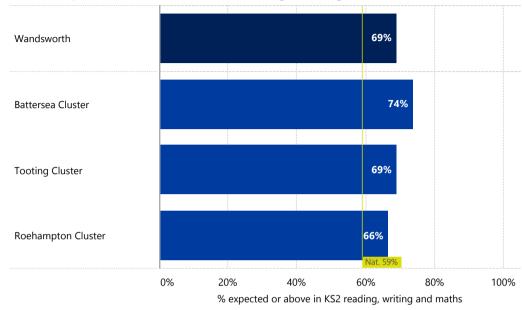
D10 - Crime: Public Order offences (2022/23)

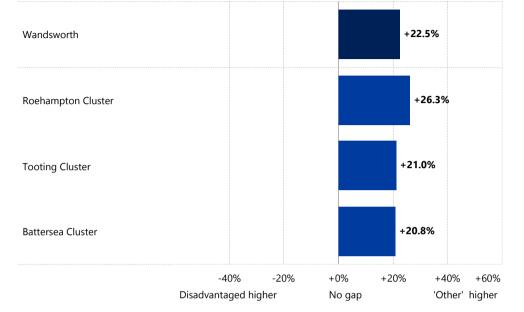


Source: Met Police Data by financial year. Aggregated from individual crimes assigned to an LSOA.

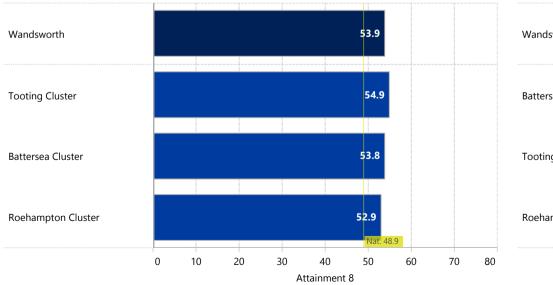
Source: Met Police Data by financial year. Aggregated from individual crimes assigned to an LSOA.

E6 - % expected or above in KS2 reading, writing and maths (2021/22)

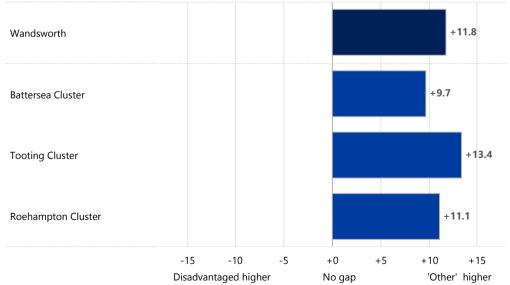




E8 - KS4 Attainment 8 score (2021/22)



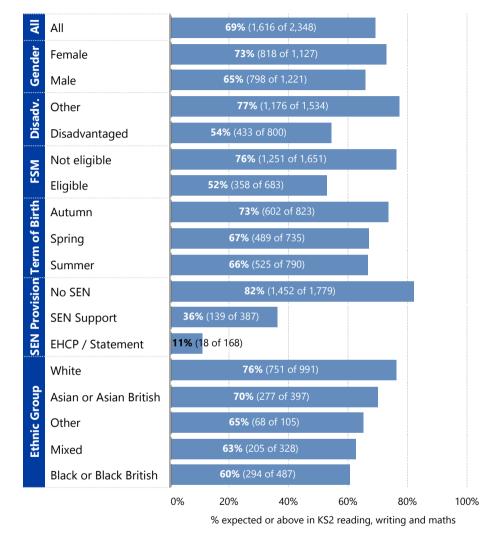
E9 - Disadvantaged gap for KS4 Attainment 8 score (2021/22)



Note: Special schools not shown on graph, although note that cluster and LA totals do include special schools. All data is validated and matched to the January census. Where school bars are show in white this is for additional context, these schools are outside the cluster. Disadvantaged gap shows the difference between disadvantaged and other pupils at each school.

E7 - Disadvantaged gap for expected or above in KS2 RWM (2021/22)

E10 - % expected or above in KS2 reading, writing and maths - by pupil characteristics (2021/22)



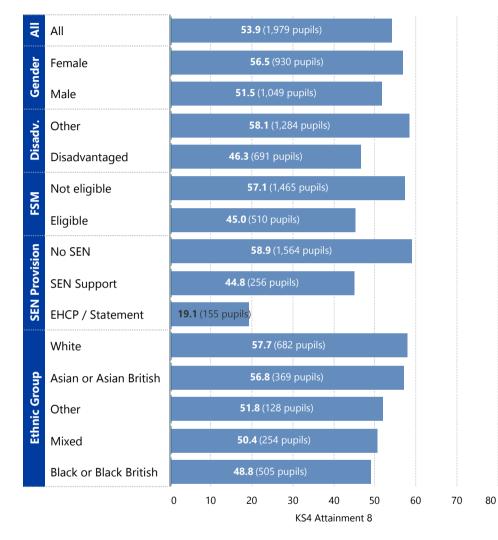
Interpreting pupil characteristic charts

The **blue bars** give the Local Authority average. Bars that are fewer than five people have been suppressed.

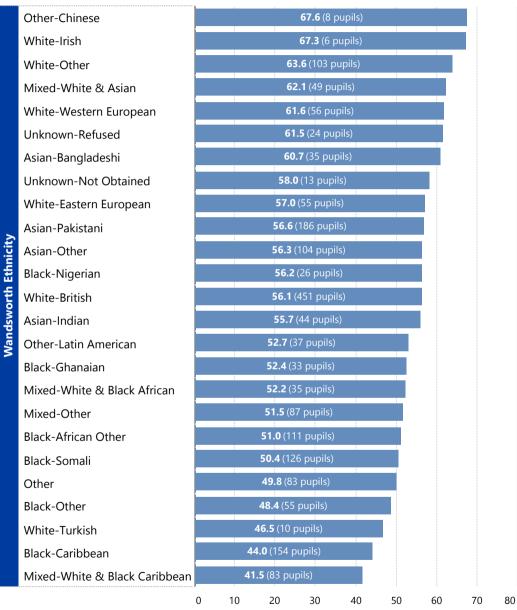
Other-Chinese		94% (16	of 17)		
White-Western European		86% (87 of	101)		
Mixed-White & Asian		86% (37 of	43)		
White-Irish		80% (12 of 1	5)		
White-Eastern European		77% (107 of 13	9)		
White-Turkish		77% (10 of 13)		
White-British		74% (436 of 586	5)		
Asian-Other		74% (124 of 168	6)		
White-Other		73% (99 of 136)			
Black-Nigerian		71% (24 of 34)			
Asian-Pakistani		68% (117 of 171)		1	
Other		68% (40 of 59)			
Asian-Pakistani Other Asian-Bangladeshi Mixed-Other Black-Somali		67% (12 of 18)			
Mixed-Other		65% (85 of 131)			
Black-Somali		63% (91 of 145)			
Mixed-White & Black African		62% (24 of 39)			
Black-African Other		61% (43 of 70)			
Asian-Indian		60% (24 of 40)			
Unknown-Refused		59% (13 of 22)			
Black-Ghanaian		58% (18 of 31)			
Black-Caribbean		57% (75 of 131)			
Black-Other		57% (43 of 76)			
Mixed-White & Black Caribbear	۱	51% (59 of 115)			
Unknown		50% (7 of 14)			
Other-Latin American		41% (12 of 29)			
	0%	20% 40%	60%	80%	100

% expected or above in KS2 reading, writing and maths

E11 - KS4 Attainment 8 - by pupil characteristics (2021/22)



Interpreting pupil characteristic charts The **blue bars** give the Local Authority average. Bars that are fewer than five people have been suppressed.

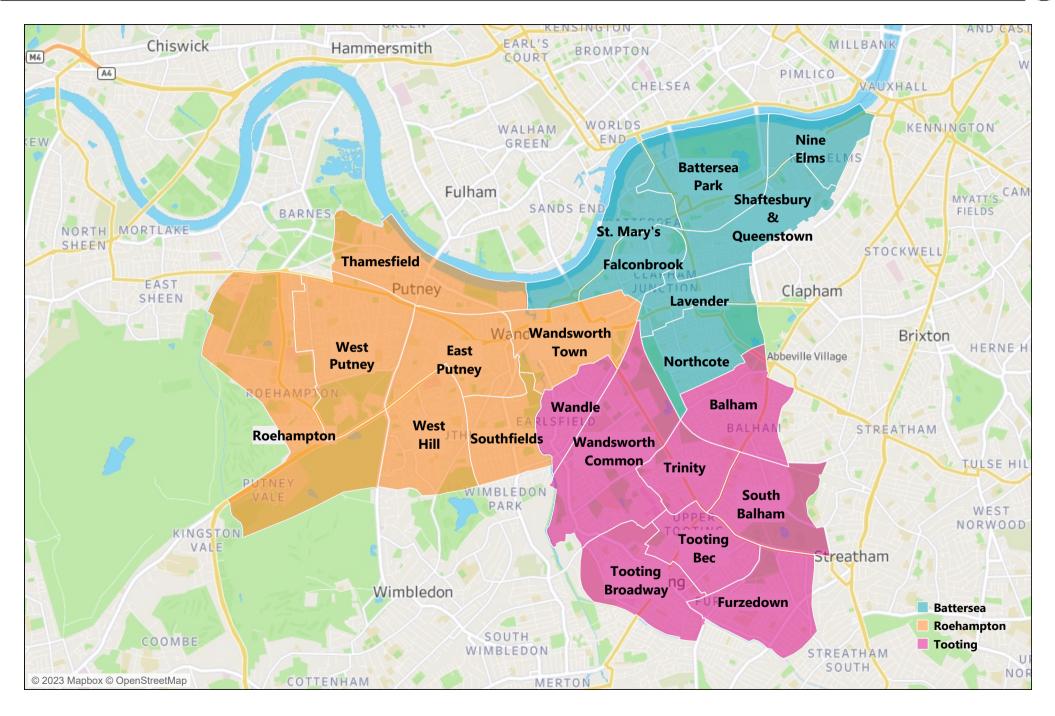


KS4 Attainment 8

Appendix 1. List of wards and schools in each Wandsworth cluster (2022 onwards)

Cluster	Wards (pre-2022)	Wards (post-2022)	Primaries (inc. Nurseries)	Secondaries	Specials
Battersea Cluster	Latchmere, Northcote, Queenstown, Shaftesbury, St Mary's Park, Wandsworth Common	Battersea Park, Falconbrook, Lavender, Nine Elms, Northcote, Shaftesbury & Queenstown, St Mary's	Belleville, Belleville Wix, Chesterton, Christ Church, Falconbrook, Griffin, Honeywell Infant, Honeywell Junior, John Burns, Sacred Heart Battersea, Shaftesbury Park, Somerset, St George's, St Mary's, Westbridge	Ark Bolingbroke, Harris Battersea, Saint John Bosco	
Roehampton Cluster	East Putney, Fairfield, Roehampton and Putney Heath, Southfields, Thamesfield, West Hill, West Putney	East Putney, Roehampton, Southfields, Thamesfield, Wandsworth Town, West Hill, West Putney	Albemarle, All Saints' Putney, Allfarthing, Anglo Portuguese of London, ARK John Archer, Brandlehow, Eastwood, Granard, Heathmere, Hotham, Mosaic Jewish, Oasis Putney, Our Lady of Victories, Our Lady Queen of Heaven, Riversdale, Roehampton, Ronald Ross, Sacred Heart Roehampton, Sheringdale, Southmead, St Anne's, St Faith's, St Joseph's, St Mary's, St Michael's, The Alton, West Hill	Ark Putney, Ashcroft, Saint Cecilia's, Southfields	Greenmead, Linden Lodge, Paddock
Tooting Cluster	Balham, Bedford, Earlsfield, Furzedown, Graveney, Nightingale, Tooting	Balham, Furzedown, South Balham, Tooting Bec, Tooting Broadway, Trinity, Wandle, Wandsworth Common	Alderbrook, Balham, Beatrix Potter, Broadwater, Earlsfield, Fircroft, Floreat Wandsworth, Franciscan, Furzedown, Gatton, Goldfinch, Hillbrook, Holy Ghost, Penwortham, Ravenstone, Rutherford House, Sellincourt, Smallwood, St Anselm's, St Boniface, Swaffield, Tooting, Trinity St Mary's	Burntwood, Chestnut Grove, Ernest Bevin, Graveney	Garratt Park, Nightingale, Oak Lodge

Appendix 2. Map of Wandsworth wards and clusters (2022 onwards)



Appendix 3. Glossary



Information on Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) Subdomains

Income deprivation affecting children (Chart A4): This index measures the relative proportion of the population in an area experiencing deprivation relating to low income compared to national. It is compiled using data such as those in income support families and children in working tax credit families. This indicator uses 2019 IDACI bands.

Employment deprivation (A5): This index measures the extent to which the working age population in an area are involuntarily excluded from the labour market. It is compiled using data such as those on Job Seeker's Allowance and other benefits.

Barriers to housing (A6): This index measures the relative financial accessibility of housing and key local services compared to national. It is compiled using data such as homelessness and housing affordability.
 Deprivation due to crime (D11): This index measures the risk of personal and material victimisation at the local level. It is compiled using data such as the number of burglaries and violent crimes.
 Deprivation in indoors living area (D12): This index measures the relative quality of the local housing compared to national. It is compiled using data such as houses without central heating and the proportion of

houses that do not meet the "Decent Home" standard.

Deprivation in outdoors living area (D13): This index measures the relative safety of the outdoors environment compared to national. It is compiled using data such as air pollutant rate and the amount of road traffic accidents.

Acronyms Used

Acronym	Definition
A&E	Accident & Emergency
DWP	Department for Work and Pensions
ЕНСР	Education, Health and Care Plans
EYFSP	Early Years Foundation Stage Profile
FSM	Free School Meals
GLA	Greater London Authority
IMD	Index of Multiple Deprivation
KS1	Key Stage 1
KS2	Key Stage 2
KS3	Key Stage 3
KS4	Key Stage 4
LA	Local Authority
NEET	Not in Education, Employment, or Training
ONS	Office for National Statistics
REU	Research & Evaluation Unit
RWM	Reading, Writing and Maths
SEN	Special Educational Needs
SFR	Statistical First Release

The Research and Evaluation Unit is part of the School Standards and Improvement Service, providing a high quality data analysis service, shared through the REU website, to support schools in undertaking vital school improvement work. Wandsworth Borough Council The Town Hall Wandsworth High St London SW18 2PU



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